

ONE YEAR LL.M SYLLABUS FIRST SEMESTER

1. Compulsory Papers

- i. Research Methods and Legal Writing
- ii. Comparative Public Law
- iii. Law and Justice in a Globalizing world

2. Optional Papers

I. (Corporate and Commercial Law)

- i) Competition Law
- ii) Banking and Insurance Law
- iii) Labour / Employment Law
- iv) Company Law
- v) Intellectual Property law
- vi) Cyber Law

II. (Criminal and Security Law)

- i) Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration
- ii) Victimology
- iii) Criminal Justice and Human Rights
- iv) Police Law and Administration
- v) Corporate Crimes/White Collar Crimes
- vi) International Criminal Law

III. (Constitutional and Administrative Law)

- i) Center-State Relations and Constitutional Governance
- ii) Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles
- iii) Local Self-Government & Federal Governance
- iv) Administrative Law
- v) Media Law
- vi) Minorities Law

The examination, evaluation and other norms of improvement of grades will be governed as per the norms of the credit system of the University Departments.

Subject: RESEARCH METHODS AND LEGAL WRITING

Subject Code :- LL.M. 1101

The main objective of this course is to acquaint the student of law with the scientific method of social science research. This course is expected to provide the knowledge of the technique of selection, collection and interpretation of primary and secondary data in socio legal research. Emphasis would be laid on practical training in conducting research in this course. By the end of the course the students are expected to develop a scientific approach to socio legal problems. They should be able to design and execute small scale research problems. The practical skill in conducting research will be evaluated on their performance in field research and workshops/seminars.

MODULE 1.

Introduction

- i. The science of research and scientific methodology.
- ii. Interrelation between speculation, fact and theory building-some fallacies of scientific methodology with reference to socio legal research.
- iii. Inter-disciplinary research and legal research models.
- iv. Arm chair research *vis-a-vis* empirical research.
- v. Legal research-common law and civil law legal systems

MODULE II.

Research Design

- i. Workable Hypothesis-formulation and evaluation.
- ii. Major steps in research design

MODULE III.

Research Techniques

- i. Sampling
- ii. Survey and Case Study method
- iii. Scaling and Content Analysis

MODULE IV.

Research Tools and Data Processing

- i. Observation
- ii. Interview and schedule
- iii. Questionnaire
- iv. Socio-metrics and jurimetrics
- v. Data processing (deductions and Inductions) analysis and interpretation of data

MODULE V. Legal writing

- i. Report/article writing in legal research
- ii. Use of definitions, maxims, concepts, principles, doctrines in legal research
- iii. Citation methodology
- iv. Book review and case comments

Select Bibliography

1. Robert Watt- Concise book on Legal Research
2. Ram Ahuja-Research Method
3. Good and Hatt- Research Methodology
4. Pauline Young- Research Methodology
5. Earl Babbie- Research Methodology
6. Anwarul Yaqin-Legal Research Methodology
7. Wilkinson Bhandarkar-Research Methodology
8. Selltis Johoda-Research Methodology
9. Stott D.-Legal Research
10. *Robert Watt* and Francis Johns- *Concise Legal Research*
11. S.K. Verma & Afzal Wani- Legal Research Methodology
(And material announced in the Class)

Subject: Comparative Public Law / Systems of Governance

Subject Code: - LL.M. 1102

Objectives: This paper focuses on analytical and theoretical scrutiny of Public Administrative Law, Constitutional Law and Criminal Law and its component in comparative manner to enable the students and develop amongst them the proper understanding of the subject.

MODULE I.

Introduction

- i. Meaning and definition of Public Law
- ii. Concept of Public Law
- iii. Globalisation of Comparative Public Law

MODULE II.

Tools of Comparative Public Law

- i. Constitutional Law – Common Law, Civil Law
- ii. Legislative Mechanism - Common Law, Civil Law
- iii. Typology of Federalism – USA, India

MODULE III.

Public Interest Litigation – US, India

- i. Locus standi
- ii. Judicial Activism
- iii. Judicial Accountability

MODULE IV.

Comparative Criminal Law – Common law, Civil law

- i. Domestic Violations – International, National
- ii. Provisions relating to Rape
- iii. Plea Bargaining – USA, India
- iv. White Collar Crimes
- v. Juvenile Justice

MODULE V.

Ombudsman

- i. Ombudsman in Scandinavian countries
- ii. International Scenario – Common law and Civil law
- iii. Indian Scenario
- iv. Lokpal (Ombudsman)
- v. Lokayukta

Select Bibliography

1. H. W. Wade - Administrative Law.
2. DeSmith - Judicial Review of Administrative Action.
3. Garner - Administrative Law.
4. D. D. Basu - Comparative Administrative Law.
5. Wade and Philips - Constitutional Law
6. Dicey - Introduction to Law of the Constitution.
7. Hood Philips - Constitutional Law and Administrative Law.
8. M. P. Jain, S. N. Jain - Principles of Administrative Law.
9. M. P. Jain - The Evolving Indian Administrative Law.
10. B. Schwartz - An Introduction to American Administrative Law.
11. M. P. Jain - Cases and Materials on Administrative Law.
12. K. S. Shukla and S. S. Singh - Lokayukta - A socio legal study.
13. Ivor Jennings - Law and the Constitution.
14. K. C. Davis - Discretionary Justice.
15. Neville L. Brown and J. F. Garner – French Administrative Law.
16. Peter H. Schuck - Foundations of Administrative Law.
17. P. P. Craig - Administrative Law.
18. Alex Carol - Constitution and Administrative Law.
19. Neil Hawke and Neil Papworth - Introduction to Administrative Law.
20. Jaffe - Judicial Control of Administrative Law.
21. K.D.Gaur – A Textbook on The Indian Penal Code.
22. Videh Upadhyay - Public Interest Litigation In India: Concepts, Cases Concerns 1st Edition
23. S. K Agrawala - Public interest litigation in India: A critique (K.M. Munshi memorial lectures)
24. The Handbook of Comparative Criminal Law, Stanford Law Books (2010)

Subject: LAW AND JUSTICE IN A GLOBALIZING WORLD

Subject Code - LL.M. 1103

The main objective of the course is to enable students to understand and seek solutions to pressing problems in the domain of global justice. By the end of the term, students are expected to have become familiar with the multiple dimensions of the theoretical literature and be able to critically evaluate the liberal, republican, and discursive democratic attempts to make sense of, and to ameliorate, prevailing instances of injustice in the world. This will be imparted through theoretical and philosophical debates advanced by various scholars and the institutional mechanism that need to be accelerated to achieve the objectives of global justice.

MODULE I.

Introduction

- i. Meaning and significance of Globalization
- ii. Concept of Global Justice
- iii. Global Justice and Right to Development

MODULE II.

Theoretical Propositions of Global Justice

- i. Realism
- ii. Particularism
- iii. Nationalism
- iv. Cosmopolitanism

MODULE III.

Historical and Central Challenges to Global Justice

- i. Global Poverty- Role of International Mechanism
- ii. Armed Conflict
- iii. Nationalist practices
- iv. Crimes against Humanity
- v. Environment and Health
- vi. Oppressive Policies- Threat of Terrorism, Global Politics

MODULE IV. Role and Reformation of Global Institutions

- i. States, sovereignty and Transnational Law
- ii. Economic and Trade Institutions-MNC's
- iii. Structural reforms of United Nations-Security Council
- iv. International Judicial Institutions

MODULE V.

Models to Achieve Global Justice

- i. Social Contract and Social Justice
- ii. Sarvodaya Model of Justice
- iii. Multi Culturalism and Cosmopolitanism
- iv. Significance of Human Rights Education
- v. Global Justice and Global Rule of Law

Select Bibliography

1. Springer: *Encyclopedia of Global Justice* 2012
2. Brian Barry, *Culture and Equality*. Cambridge: Polity, 2001
3. Duncan Bell (ed.) *Ethics and World Politics*. Oxford 2010.
4. Allen Buchanan. *Justice, Legitimacy, and Self-determination: Moral Foundations for International Law*. Oxford 2004.
5. Simon Caney, *Justice Beyond Borders*. Oxford:, 2005
6. Nicole Hassoun. 2008a. "World Poverty and Individual Freedom." *American Philosophical Quarterly*. Vol. 45, No. 2: 191-198.
7. Andrew Hurrell. 2001. "Global Inequality and International Institutions." *Global Justice*. Thomas Pogge ed. *Meta-philosophy Series in Philosophy* A.T. Maroobian and Brian Huschle eds. Blackwell Publishing: Oxford.
8. Martha Nussbaum, *Frontiers of Justice*. Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 2006.
9. Thomas Pogge, *World Poverty and Human Rights*. Cambridge: Polity, 2002.
10. John Rawls, *The Law of Peoples*. Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1999
11. Amartya Sen, *Development as Freedom*. Oxford: 1999
12. Amartya Sen: *Global Justice*

Subject: COMPETITION AND CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS

Subject Code: LL.M.1104

Objectives

In most countries of the world that competition plays a key role to play in ensuring productive, efficient, innovative and responsive markets. The consumers are ensured availability of 'goods' and 'services' in abundance of acceptable quality at affordable price. Competition law and policy also result in equity among producers and reduce rent seeking behavior on their part.

In tune with the international trend and to cope with changing realities, India has reviewed the Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, 1969 and has enacted the Competition Act, 2002 (the Act)w.e.f.14.1.03.

The Competition Commission of India feels that in order to create greater awareness of competition law and competition issues, it is important that the Competition Act, 2002 and the role of the Competition Commission of India should form part of the syllabus of faculties/schools of management, law and other relevant institutes. This would also enable the students to take up professional practice in the field of competition law and policy. As a part of its statutory duty to create awareness and to build strong competition culture in the country, the Competition Commission of India has already taken up the matter with over 144 universities to incorporate the Competition Act as a part of syllabus. This syllabus also aims to create awareness among the students and develop their abilities to deal with the issues on the expanding horizons of corporate law.

MODULE I.

Introduction

- i. Basic economic and legal principles
- ii. Restraint of Trade under Indian Contract Act
- iii. Monopolistic Trade Practices
- iv. Restrictive Trade Practices

MODULE II.

Development of law from MRTP to Competition Act 2002

- i. Aims, Objects and Salient features
- ii. Comparison between MRTP Act and Competition Act
- iii. Anti-Competitive Agreement
- iv. Abuse of Dominant Position
- v. Combination
- vi. Protection of consumers

MODULE III.

Competition Commission Of India

- i. Structure and function of CCI
- ii. Regulatory role

MODULE IV.

Competition Appellate Tribunal-

- i. Composition, Functions, Powers and Procedure
- ii. Award Compensation
- iii. Power to punish for contempt
- iv. Execution of orders

MODULE V

Consumer Protection Act, 1986 and its applicability to Competition Law

- i. Definition of Consumer
- ii. Definition of Service
- iii. Deficiency in Services
- iv. Unfair Trade Practices
- v. Overlapping areas

Select Bibliography

1. K.S. Anantaraman : Lectures on Company Law and MRTTP
2. Dr. R.K. Singh : Restriction Trade Practices and Public Interest
3. Suzan Rab- Indian Competition Law- An International Perspective
4. S.M. Dugar's MRTTP Law, Competition Law and Consumer Protection
5. Report of the Monopolies Inquiries Commission, Govt. of India 1965 (Dr. Hazari Report)
6. 1980 and other related work
7. A.E. Rodrigues, Ashok Menon- The limits of Competition Policy, the shortcomings of
8. Economics
9. Taxmann's competition Law and Practice

Subject: *BANKING AND INSURANCE LAWS*

Subject Code: LL.M.1105

MODULE I:

A. Introduction

- i. Nature and Development of Banking.
- ii. Functions of Banking

B. Global Banking Institutions

C. The Banking (Regulation) Act, 1949. Its main provisions, social control, nationalization of Banks.

MODULE II:

- i. Central Bank, Evolution, Characteristics and Functions.
- ii. Reserve Bank of India and It's Role.
- iii. Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial assets.
- iv. Cash reserve and Statutory Liquidity ratios in Bank..
- v. Bank as borrowers.
- vi. Forms of borrowing
- vii. Types of Deposit,
- viii. Accounts, Electronics, Withdrawal, Money Transfer and e-Banking.
- ix. Deposit Insurance Corporation Act, 1962.

MODULE III:

- i. Bank and Customer Relationship.
- ii. Banking Operations: Lending by Banks, Collection and Payments of Cheques, Negotiable Instrument & their characteristics, Cheques, Dishonor of Cheques, Appropriation of payments.
- iii. Interference by third parties.
- iv. Attachment, Mareva Injunctions, Bank and Garnishee, set off.

MODULE IV:

- i. Social Banking
- ii. Basal II norms
- iii. Letter of Credit
- iv. Recovery of Debts Due to Banks.
- v. Banking Ombudsman Scheme 2002. Debt Recovery Tribunal Act.
- vi. Recent Trends of Banking System in India.

MODULE V:

- i. The Evaluation of Banking Services and its History in India
- ii. History of Banking in India
- iii. Bank nationalization and social control over banking.
- iv. Various types of Banks and their functions.
- v. Contract between banker and customer: their rights and duties.
- vi. Role and functions of Banking Institutions

MODULE VI:

Lending by Banks and Recent Trends of Banking System in India

- i. Advances, Loans and Securities.
- ii. Direct, collateral and miscellaneous Securities.
- iii. Default and recovery.
- iv. Bank Debt Recovery Tribunals.
- v. The Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcements of Security Interest Act, 2002 (Definitions, Section 13 – Enforcement of security interest, Section 17 Right to appeal.)

MODULE VII:

General Principles of Law of Insurance

- i. Definition, nature and history.
- ii. Contract of insurance and principles.
- iii. The Risk – commencement, attachment, assignment.
- iv. Types of insurances.
- v. Policy and its Legal Status.

MODULE VIII:

Recent Trends in Insurance

- i. Insurance against third party risks (relevant provisions from Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.)
- ii. Liability Insurance.
- iii. Consumer Protection and Banking and Insurance Services
- iv. The Insurance Act, 1938 and the Insurance Regulatory & Development Authority Act, (IRDA), 2000.
- v. Miscellaneous Insurance Schemes: New Dimensions (Group Life Insurance, Mediclaim, Sickness).

Select Bibliography

1. Basu, A. : Review of Current Banking Theory and Practice (1998) Mac Miilan
2. M. Hapgood (ed.) : Paget"s law oF Banking (1989) Butterworths, London
3. R. Goode : Commercial Law,(1995) Penguin, London
4. Ross Cranston : Principles of Banking Law (1997) Oxford
5. L.C. Goyle : The Law of Banking and Bankers (1995) Eastern
6. M.L. Tannan : Tamnan's Banking Law and Practice in India (1997), India Law House.
New conti and Hamauai (eds.) : Financial Markets Liberalization and the Role of Banks'
7. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge (1993)
8. J. Dermine (ed.) : European Banking in the 1990's (1993) Blackwell, Oxford
9. K. Subrahmanyam Banking Reforms in India (1997), Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
10. R.S. Narayanna : The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institution Act, 1993
(51
11. of 1993), Asia Law House, Hyderabad
12. M.A. Mir : The Law Relating to Bank Guarantee in India (1992) Metropolitan Book, New
13. Delhi
14. Mitra : The Law Relating to Bankers' Letters of Credit and Allied Laws (1998), University
15. Book Agency, Allahabad

Subject : CRIMINOLOGY AND CRIMINAL ADMINISTRATION

Subject Code: LL.M.1106

Module I

The concept of Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration

- i. Notion of deviance and crime
- ii. Constituent Elements of Crime
- iii. Nature and Scope of Criminology
- iv. Methods of Criminological Studies

Module II

Schools of Criminology

- i. Classical
- ii. Biological
- iii. Cartographic
- iv. Sociological
- v. Socialist

Module III

A brief discussion on Modern Trends in Criminology:

- i. Phenomenology
- ii. Postmodernism
- iii. Crime and Feminism

Module IV

Punishment: Concept and Theories

- i. Death Sentence
- ii. Treatment of Offenders: Prison, Probation and Parole

Module V

Individualistic Approaches to Crime-Bio-anthropological theories

- i. Lombroso
- ii. Modern Crimino-Biological School
- iii. Frustration - Aggression Theories

Select Bibliography

1. S.M.A. Qadri : Ahmed Siddiques Criminology - Problems and Perspectives (2005) Eastern.
2. N.V. Pananjpe : Criminology and Penology (2005) Central Law Publications Sutherland Edwin and Crassey Donald - Principles of Criminology (1900) Taft and England : Criminology
3. Barnes and Teeters : New Horizons in Criminology (1960)
4. K.D. Gaur : Crimininal Law and Criminology (2003) Deepand Deep
5. Glanville Williams : The Text Book on Criminal Law (2nd Edition) Universal.
6. Katherine S Williams : Textbook of Criminology (2001-Indian reprint) Universal.
7. K.S. Pillai : Theories of Criminology
8. M.J. Sethna : Society and the Criminal(1989) M.N. Tripathi
9. J. Robert Lilly etal : Criminological Theory Context and Consequences(2007) Sage.20
10. R.P. Kathuria's : Law of Crimes and Criminology. Vol. I to IV.

Subject : VICTIMOLOGY

Subject Code: LL.M. 1107

Module I

The concept of Victimology

- i. Constituent Elements of Crime and Victimology
- ii. Nature and Scope of Victimology
- iii. Methods of Victimology Studies

Module II

Justice for victims

- i. Ideology and the behavior of perpetrators and victims of violence Noach

Module III

Committee and crime victims

- i. Malimath Committee and crime victims
- ii. Justice J. S. Verma Committee Report
- iii. Criminal Law Amendment Act

Module IV

Issues of sexual victimization

- i. Women victims of sexual violence and the civil legal system
- ii. Victims of sexual harassment in modern work places in India
- iii. Blaming victims and bystanders in the context of rape

Module V

Sexual assault victims

- i. The relationship between childhood victimization, drug abuse
- ii. PTSD and adult delinquency in a prison population
- iii. Resurrecting the forgotten voices of the Indian criminal justice system
- iv. Criminal victimization and social networks in India

Subject : Subject : Center-State Relations and Constitutional Governance

Subject Code: LL.M.1108

MODULE -I

Indian Federalism

- i. Conceptual position of Federalism
- ii. Nature of the Indian Constitution
- iii. Cooperative Federalism
- iv. Relationship of trust and faith between center and state
- v. Challenges before the Indian Federalism.

MODULE-II

Distribution of Legislative Powers

- i. The Scheme of the distribution of legislative powers in India the judicial approach and the present position.
- ii. Recommendation of Sarkaria Commission & Venkatachaliah Commission.

MODULE-III

Restrictions of Fiscal Power:

- i. Fundamental Rights, Inter-Government Tax Immunities, Difference between Tax and Fee.

Distribution of Tax Revenues:

- i. Tax-Sharing under the Constitution, Finance Commission - Specific Purpose Grants (Article 282).

MODULE-IV

Administration Relations:

- i. Distribution of Executive Power.
- ii. Centre- State administrative coordination.
- iii. Power to carry on Trade.
- iv. All India Services.
- v. Center's Power to direct State.

MODULE –V

Emergency

Text Books referred

The Constitution of India (Bare Act)	Government of India Publication
Constitution of India	J. N. Pandey/ CLA
Shorter Constitution of India	D.D.Basu/ Wadhwa
Constitution of India	H.M.Seervai / Universal Publication
Constitution of India	M.P.Jain / Butterworth's

Subject: Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles

Subject Code: LL.M.1109

MODULE -I

Right to Equality

- i. Scope of the right to Equality
- ii. New approach of Article 14
- iii. Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment and in admission to educational institutions

MODULE-II Freedom of Speech and Expression

- i. The area of freedom and its limitation.
- ii. Freedom of Press and challenges of new scientific development.

MODULE -III Emerging regime of new Fundamental Rights

- i. The changing dimension of right to life and Personal Liberty.
- ii. Reading Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties into Fundamental rights.

MODULE -IV Right to Freedom of Religion

- i. The scope of the freedom and the State Control.
- ii. Secularism and religious finalism

MODULE -V Directive Principles of State Policy

- i. Ambedkar's thoughts
- ii. Gandhian thoughts
- iii. Scio-Economic thoughts

REFERENCES

1. Seervai H.M., Constitutional Law of India (1996)
2. Basu, D.D. Shorter Constitution of India (1996)
3. Jain M.P, Outlines of Indian Legal History
4. Kashyap S.C. Our constitution

SECOND SEMESTER

Subject: Labour and Employment Laws

Subject Code: LL.M. 1210

MODULE I.

Introduction

- i. Workers Rights as Human Rights-Constitutional edifice and reflections of ILO Standards in the Indian legal System.
- ii. Concept of employment, non-employment, terms of employment and conditions of labour.
- iii. Challenges and Issues with reference labour management relations in 21st Century

MODULE II.

Social Security Labour Legislations

- i. National (Constitutional and Statutory) and International Perspectives
- ii. ILO norms, measures and standards-its relevance in Indian legal system.
- iii. Employment Contracts and labour management relations-Trends, Issues and Challenges-A critique of comparative contract labour laws (India, US & Europe)

MODULE III.

Transnational Trade and Labour

- i. Impact of globalization on labour market-Indian, US, European & Japanese perspectives.
- ii. ILO vis-à-vis WTO
- iii. Developing vis-à-vis developed States
- iv. Resolution of Labour Management Disputes-Means and Mechanisms

MODULE IV.

Law and Policies of Protective Discrimination in Employment Laws

- i. Social security safety and welfare at workplace-women, children, and differently-abled.
- ii. Compensation, Insurance with respect to wrongful dismissal and employment hazards.

Select Bibliography

1. Ravi Singhanian-Employment Law in India, CCH Wolters Kluwer
2. Guide to Employment Law-CCH Wolters Kluwer Business
3. Marian Baird, Keith Hancock, Joe Isaac- Work and Employment Relations An Era of Change, Routledge Taylor and Francis group
4. Key Cases: Employment Law By Chris Turner Routledge Taylor and Francis group
5. New Governance and the European Employment Strategy, By Samantha Velluti, Series: Routledge Research in European Union Law
6. At Work in the Informal Economy of India: A Perspective from the Bottom Up
Author(s): Jan Breman Oxford University Press
7. Shrivastava-labour laws.
8. OP Malhotra -Labour Management Relations
9. The reports of Commissions, Committee & Research groups and relevant ILO conventions

SUBJECT: COMPANY LAW

Subject Code: LL.M. 1211

Objectives- In view of the changing niceties of global governance especially from the point of view of good governance, corporate governance plays a vital role in the development of economy both nationally and internationally. Taking this into consideration, the paper aims to introduce to the students the nuances of corporate law and the obligations of it towards society in discharging its trading relations and to be a good corporate citizen.

MODULE I.

Introduction

- i. Corporate personality
- ii. Advantages and Disadvantages of Incorporation
- iii. Concept of lifting of Corporate Veil

MODULE II.

Corporate Finance

- i. Company capital- Equity Finance, Debt Finance.
- ii. Offer Documents
- iii. Public Issues
- iv. Under writing of issues
- v. Corporate Loans
- vi. Venture Capital, Institutional Financing
- vii. Role of SEBI and stock exchanges

MODULE III.

Amalgamation, Reconstruction, Mergers and takeovers etc.

- i. Meaning of the terms
- ii. Statutory provisions
- iii. Powers of the court/tribunal

MODULE IV.

Legal aspects governing corporate management

- i. Meetings, Majority rule and Minority protection
- ii. Prevention of oppression, mismanagement
- iii. Role of central Govt., company registrar, Company Law Board/ Tribunal

MODULE V.

Corporate Governance

- i. Concept, Significance, Dimensions
- ii. Legal framework,
- iii. Basic Principles and OECD principles of Corporate Governance Impact of globalization

Select Bibliography

1. J.M. Thomson- Palmer's Company Law
2. Gower- Principles of Modern Company Law
3. Ramaiya- Guide to Companies Act
4. Indian Law Institute- Current Problems of Corporate Law
5. Compendium on SEBI, Capital Issues and Listing – by Chandratre, Acharya, Israni, Sethuraman
6. Corporate Finance- Ashwath Damodaran

SUBJECT: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

Subject Code: LL.M. 1212

Objectes

The main objective of the paper is to introduce to the students the concepts of IPR and their relationship with other subjects especially, economic law, and other technological aspects. Apart from the above, the paper covers the approaches of International Institutions and introduces the various aspects that are form part of the province of IPR.

MODULE I.

Introduction

- i. Origin and Genesis of IPR
- ii. Theories of IPR – Locke’s, Hegel and Marxian
- iii. Ethical, moral and human rights perspectives of IPR

MODULE II. Intellectual Property Rights: International Relevance

- i. Internationalization of IP protection – Paris Convention, Berne Convention, TRIPS Agreement – basic principles and minimum standards – limits of one-size-fit for all – flexibilities under TRIPS

MODULE III.

Intellectual Property: Issues and Challenges

- i. Copyright protection with reference to performers rights and Artist rights,
- ii. Global governance towards Patents
- iii. Trade Marks: Legal recognition, Comparative analysis in India, EU and USA Trade secrets : Legal recognition, Comparative analysis in India, EU and USA

MODULE IV.

Intellectual Property: Contemporary Trends

- i. Benefit sharing and contractual agreements – International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture – issues on patent policy and farmers’ rights- CBD, Nagoya Protocol and Indian law.
- ii. UNESCO – protection of folklore/cultural expressions.
- iii. Developments in WIPO on traditional knowledge and traditional cultural expressions

Select Bibliography

1. W. Cornish & Llewelyn – Intellectual Property: Patent, Copyrights, Trade Marks & Allied Rights”, London Sweet & Maxwell.
2. Nard Madison- The Intellectual Property, Aspen Publication.
3. Carlosm Correa- Oxford commentaries on GATT/ WTO Agreements trade related aspects of Intellectual Property Rights, Oxford University Press.
4. David Bainbridge – Intellectual Property Law.

Subject: Cyber Law
Subject Code: LL.M. 1213

The main objective of this course is to make students familiar with the developments that are being taking place in the different areas with the help of Computer Science and Information Technology. To acquaint the students with the national and international legal order relative to these.

Fundamentals of Cyber law

- i. Conceptual and theoretical perspective of cyber law.
- ii. Computer and Web Technology
- iii. Development of Cyber Law – National and International Perspective

Cyber Law: Legal Issues and Challenges in India, USA and EU

- i. Data Protection, Cyber Security.
- ii. Legal recognition of Digital Evidence.
- iii. Recognition of liability in the digital world.
- iv. Jurisdiction Issues in Transnational Crimes

Cyber Law: International Perspectives

- i. Budapest Convention on Cybercrime.
- ii. ICANN's core principles and the domain names disputes.
- iii. Net neutrality and the EU electronic communications regulatory framework.
- iv. Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.0

Cyber Law – Contemporary Trends

- i. Impact of cyber warfare on privacy, identity theft.
- ii. International law governing Censorship, online privacy, copyright regulations.
- iii. Online Intermediaries in the governance of Internet.
- iv. Social Networking Sites vis-à-vis Human Rights.

Select Bibliography

1. Yatindra Singh : Cyber Laws.
2. Ajit Narayanan and Bennum (ed.) : Law, Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence.
3. Linda Brennan and Victoria Johnson : Social, ethical and policy implication of Information Technology.
4. Kamath Nandan : Law relating to Computer, Internet and E-Commerce.
5. Arvind Singhal and Everett Rogers : India's Communication Revolution : From BullockCarts to Cyber Marts.
6. Lawrence Lessing : Code and other Laws of cyberspace.

Subject: CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND HUMAN RIGHTS
Subject Code: LL.M. 1214

Module I

Conceptual perspective

- i. Concept of crime and criminal liability
- ii. Role of Criminal Justice System in protection of Human Rights

Module II

Objectives and Theories of Punishment

- i. Capital Punishment;
- ii. Sentencing Process and Policies,
- iii. Role of Judiciary and Human Rights.

Module II

Human Rights Problems:

- i. Police Atrocities and Accountability
- ii. Violence against Women and Children
- iii. Terrorism and Insurgency

Module III

Rights to Accused:

- i. Ex post facto law
- ii. Double Jeopardy
- iii. Protection against Self Incrimination
- iv. Fair Trial
- v. Punishment and Human Rights

Module IV

Police-Development, Function, Custodial Violence and Reforms in Police System

- i. Violence-Terrorism and Human Rights,
- ii. Atrocities against SC and ST and other vulnerable Groups.
- iii. Compensation to victims of crime

Module V

International Perspectives:

- i. International Crimes and International Cooperation in combating of Transnational organized crimes.
- ii. International Norms on Administrative of Criminal Justice.

Selected Bibliography

1. P.S. Atchuthen Pillai : Criminal Law (1996) M.N. Tripathi
2. Harri's : Criminal Law (2000-Indian reprint) Universal.
3. K.N. Chandrasekharan Pillai : General Principles of Criminal Law (2005) Eastern.
4. Kenny's : Outlines of Criminal Law (19th edn.) Universal.
5. T.S. Batra : Criminal Law Principles of Liability (1978) Metropolitan
6. Smith and Hogan : Criminal Law Cases and Materials(1975), Butterworths.
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Subject: POLICE LAW AND ADMINISTRATION
Subject Code: LL.M. 1215

Module I

Introductory

- i. Notions of “force”, “coercion”, “violence”
- ii. Distinction: “Symbolic violence”, “Institutionalized violence”, “Structural violence”
- iii. Legal order as a coercive normative order.
- iv. Force-monopoly of modern law.
- v. “Constitutional” and “criminal” speech: Speech as incitement to violence.
- vi. “Collective political violence” and legal order.
- vii. Notion of legal and extra-legal “repression”

Module II

Approaches to Violence in India

- i. Religiously sanctioned structural violence: Caste and gender based.
- ii. Ahimsa in Hindu, Jain, Buddhist, Christian, and Islamic traditions in India
- iii. Gandhiji’s approach to non-violence
- iv. Discourse on political violence and terrorism during colonial struggle
- v. Attitudes towards legal order as possessed of legitimate monopoly over violence during the colonial period.

Module III

Agrarian Violence and Repression

- i. The nature and scope of agrarian violence in the 18-19 centuries India.
- ii. Colonial legal order as a causative factor of collective political (agrarian) violence
- iii. The Telangana struggle and the legal order
- iv. The Report of the Indian Human Rights Commission on Arwal Massacre

Module IV

Violence against the Scheduled Castes

- i. Notion of Atrocities
- ii. Incidence of Atrocities
- iii. Uses of Criminal Law to combat Atrocities or contain aftermath of Atrocities
- iv. Violence against Women.

Module V Communal Violence

- i. Incidence and courses of “communal” violence
- ii. Findings of various commissions of enquiry
- iii. The role of police and para-military systems in dealing with communal violence
- iv. Operation of criminal justice system in relation to communal violence.

Subject: CORPORATE CRIMES/WHITE COLLAR CRIMES
Subject Code: LL.M. 1216

Module I

- i. The concept of Social and Economic Offences.
- ii. The Distinction between Traditional Offences and the Socio Economic Offences.
 - a. Principles of Traditional Criminal Jurisprudence
 - b. Special features of Socio-Economic Offences.
 - c. Socio Economic offences and white collar crimes.
- iii. Prevention of Socio Economic Crimes and Major constraints in the Implementation of Law Relating to Socio Economic Offences.
- iv. Corporate crimes and stock market frauds.

Module II

White collar crime

- i. Types of white collar crime
- ii. Causes and growth of white collar in India
- iii. Sutherland's theory relating to white collar criminality.

Module III

Concept of white collar crimes and difference with other traditional crimes.

- i. Causes of white collar crime
- ii. White collar crimes and public servants with special reference to prevention of corruption Act.

Module IV

Professional ethics

- i. Professional ethics of Doctors,
- ii. Advocates, Engineers,
- iii. Teachers and White collar crimes.

Subject: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL LAW
Subject Code: LL.M. 1217

Module I

- i. Concept of Treaty in International Law Nature, Scope and Importance of treaty
- ii. Historical Background of the Law of Treaty, Capacity Conclusion and Entry into Force
Reservation, Problem of Unequal Treaty Interpretation, Jus cogens, Amendment
Invalidity
- iii. Termination and Suspension, Rebus Sic Stantibus

Module II

Succession

- i. International adjudication in a historical perspective.
- ii. International Court of Justice-a principal organ and principal judicial organ of the United

Module III

Nations

- i. Organization and Structure of the ICJ.
- ii. The jurisdiction of the Court-general
- iii. Contentions jurisdiction, voluntary of jurisdiction, compulsory jurisdiction, reservation
and reciprocity, Transferred jurisdiction forum prorogatum.

Module IV

- i. Sources of Law
- ii. Property and Legal Interest
- iii. Provisional measures, non-appearance
- iv. Third party intervention

Module V

International Court of Justice (ICJ)

- i. The advisory jurisdiction of the ICJ.
- ii. Power function of ICJ
- iii. Enforcement of the judgments and advisory opinions.
- iv. Role of the Court.

Subject: LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT & FEDERAL GOVERNANCE
Subject Code: LL.M. 1218

MODULE –I

Historical Perspectives

- i. Early period
- ii. Gram Swaraj-the Gandhian concept

MODULE - II

Constitutional Scheme

- i. Directive Principles
- ii. Structure and powers of local bodies

MODULE- III Legislative Powers

- i. Direct democracy and grass root planning,
- ii. Municipalities and corporation,
- iii. Gram Sabha

MODULE-IV Quasi-legislative Powers

- i. Rule making power of the State Government
- ii. Regulations and Bye-laws

MODULE – V Financial Powers

- i. Levying taxes
- ii. Licensing power
- iii. Financial resources and powers

MODULE-VI – Miscellanies

- i. Judicial and Quasi-judicial powers of the Local Bodies
- ii. Election to Local Bodies
- iii. Conduct of Meetings – Corporation, Municipal Council, Panchayat Committee and Gram Sabha
- iv. Institutional and Judicial Control

Subject: ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
Subject Code: LL.M. 1219

MODULE I-

Introduction

- i. Importance and Scope of Administrative Law;
- ii. Rule of Law;
- iii. Separation of Powers;

MODULE II

Delegated Legislation:

- i. Constitutionality;
- ii. Judicial Control;
- iii. Parliamentary Control;
- iv. Procedural Control

MODULE III-

Ombudsman in India

MODULE IV-

Role of Judiciary

- i. Judicial Review of Discretionary Power;
- ii. Writ of Mandamus;
- iii. Writ of Certiorari;
- iv. Writ of Prohibition
- v. Writ of Quo-warranto

MODULE V

Principles of Natural Justice

- i. Natural Justice
- ii. Administrative Tribunals

Subject: MEDIA LAW
Subject Code: LL.M. 1221

This paper deals with the interaction between law and mass media. This paper examines the major laws, regulations and court decisions affecting the media. It aims to familiarize the theoretical debates on media, law and ethics in the Indian context. It also attempts to evolve an understanding of the complexities of ethical and legal media practice.

MODULE I

Introduction

- i. Evolution of Media
- ii. Types of media:
 - a. Print
 - b. Electronic
- iii. E-Media – Free Flow of Information beyond boundaries and barriers
- iv. Difference between Visual and non- Visual Media - impact on People

MODULE II-

Freedom of Speech and Expression

Article 19 (1) (a)

- i. An introduction to Freedom of expression
- ii. Evolution of Freedom of Press
- iii. Restrictions under Constitution
 - a. Article 19 (2)
 - b. Government Power to legislate - Article 246 read with the Seventh Schedule.
 - c. Power to impose Tax -licensing and licence fee.
- iv. Advertisement & Ethics: Misleading Advertisement vis-à-vis Consumers rights

MODULE III-

Law of defamation and obscenity

- i. Defamation
 - a. Libel
 - b. Slander
- ii. Obscenity
- iii. Sedition

MODULE IV-

Development of laws relating to Mass Media vis a vis International regime

- i. Censorship of films
- ii. Censorship under Constitution
- iii. Censorship under the Cinematograph Act.
- iv. Pre-censorship of films

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Subject: MINORITIES LAW
Subject Code: LL.M. 1222

Objectives Of The Paper

To make the students aware of the importance of rights of minorities, to familiarize them with the constitutional provisions related to minorities, to acquaint them with the rights of minority educational institutions and exposition of the subject matter in detail with the help of legislative, judicial and other materials.

MODULE I

Minorities in Indian Society

- i. Concept of Minorities
- ii. Linguistic Minorities
- iii. Religious Minorities
- iv. Secularism

MODULE II

International Norms for Protection of Minorities

- i. Human Rights of Minorities
- ii. Minority Rights under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
- iii. Non-discrimination provisions of the United Nations Charter 1945
- iv. Declaration on Rights of Minorities

MODULE III

Minority Rights

- i. Right to religion
- ii. Linguistic rights
- iii. Right to culture and traditions
- iv. National Commission for Minority

MODULE IV

Rights of Minority Educational Institutions

- i. Educational rights of Minorities
- ii. Right to administer Minority educational institution
- iii. Aided and Unaided Minority Educational Institutions and Governmental Controls
- iv. National Commission for Minority Educational Institutions

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7. Phillips, A. and A. Rosas, eds., The UN Minority Rights Declaration
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10. Thornberry, Patrick, International Law and the Rights of the Minorities